

Assessment guidelines, Myanmar



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Disclaimer

These assessment guidelines are **only a guide to the educational level** of an overseas qualification on the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF).

Where a decision is for:

- admission to study, Australian education institutions are solely responsible
- work in a profession, Australian professional bodies are solely responsible
- work that requires specific competency requirements for AQF qualifications or National Training Framework Training Packages, the relevant Australian assessing authority is solely responsible. This includes trade qualifications (see Trades Recognition Australia).
- secondary school qualification comparability, the appropriate state or territory secondary school authority is solely responsible.

What our assessment guidelines mean

The assessment guidelines will help you compare overseas educational qualifications with qualifications on the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF).

Guidelines offer general advice only

- The guidelines provide general help or guidance when assessing overseas qualifications
- The guidelines are advisory only. There is no Australian law recognising the educational level of overseas qualifications
- The guidelines relate to the educational level of the qualification, not the field of study
- You should not rely solely on the guidelines when evaluating a person's overseas qualifications for specific educational, professional or employment purposes

Guidelines offer comparison only

We assess qualifications in terms of comparison, not direct equivalence. Comparing different education qualifications is not an exact process. Education systems are complex and differ widely from country to country. There are different educational philosophies, course names, structures, objectives and lengths, entry requirements, and educational outcomes. Assessing overseas vocational and technical qualifications can be especially difficult because many countries do not have a competency-based system.

Guidelines focus on education level only

The guidelines advise on the educational level of the overseas qualification. We do not assess qualifications in terms of:

- Admission to an educational institution: our guidelines may be only one factor considered by educational institutions for admissions purposes
- Professional practice: only the relevant Australian professional body or registration authority can decide if an overseas qualification (e.g., in medicine, engineering, accounting, etc.) meets professional requirements. For more information, see Guide to Professional Recognition.
- Competencies: only the relevant Australian assessing body such as a Registered Training Organisation may make this assessment

How we assess qualifications

We use the learning outcomes of the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF)

AQF qualifications are described in terms of characteristics of learning outcomes and the general nature of the program rather than the length and detailed content of the program. In the vocational and technical education sector, outcomes are based on competency levels.

We use these learning outcomes as a general guide to the educational level of an overseas qualification.

We consider a number of criteria including (but not limited to) the:

- Education system in the country
- Nature, recognition and/or accreditation status of the awarding institution
- Level, length, structure and nature of the program
- Level of academic achievement

Comparison with Australian Bachelor Degrees and AQF Associate Degrees

As a general rule, we compare overseas first degrees with the Australian Bachelor Degree, even if the overseas qualification requires more years of study. We do this because a first degree or qualification normally serves a different function from a postgraduate qualification, and assessment at this level is more relevant for general employment purposes. However, this should not deter other assessing bodies from making an assessment at a higher level e.g. Bachelor Honours Degree, Graduate Diploma or Master Degree level for particular employment or study purposes.

When the qualification is from a comparable quality education system and/or quality institution, the program includes a research/thesis component and/or the qualification may admit directly to Doctoral studies, we may recommend comparison at **Australian Honours**

Degree or a minimum **four-year professional Bachelor Degree** level e.g. in Germany or the Netherlands. This information would be in the Comparative Quality Indicators section of the CEP. AEI-NOOSR does not assess in Bachelor Honours Degree terms as this qualification does not belong to the Australian Qualifications framework.

Sometimes we assess an overseas first degree or qualification at a lower level, such as an Associate Degree. The **Associate Degree** is a higher education sector qualification. Typically assessment at this level indicates that course outcomes are comparable to

- The educational level of a two-year, academically-oriented higher education qualification

Comparison with AQF Advanced Diplomas and AQF Diplomas

The AQF Advanced Diploma is offered in both the vocational and technical education and the higher education sectors. Typically assessment of an overseas first degree or sub-degree qualification at **Advanced Diploma** level

- Indicates the program is vocational in orientation
- Does not imply an Australian competency-based qualification

The **AQF Diploma** is offered in both the vocational and technical education and the higher education sectors. Unlike the Associate Degree situated at the same level as the Advanced Diploma, there is no other higher education qualification offered at the Diploma level. Typically, assessment at Diploma level

- Does not necessarily mean the program is vocational in orientation
- Does not imply an Australian competency-based qualification

Other assessment considerations

Some countries have more levels of qualifications than the qualifications as described in the AQF. The impact of this is that there will be cases where a higher overseas qualification is assessed at the same level as a lower one.

We may assess two or more qualifications together if the qualifications are in similar fields and build on each other. This can happen when the first qualification forms an integral part of the second (e.g. where it is the basis for entry into the second). We do this type of assessment only when the outcome of the combined assessment is higher than if the two qualifications were assessed independently.

We do not consider the following when assessing qualifications:

- English language skills
- Work or professional experience gained after the qualification

Translating the names of overseas awards into Australian qualification nomenclature is not an assessment. Similarity in qualification names does not mean similarity in the nature, content or quality of programs.

Quality indicators

Each Country Education Profile contains 'Quality indicators' sections that:

- Explain the assessment guidelines for the sectors, providing key points of comparison usually including:

- quality assurance regime
- leading educational institutions
- nature and outcome of programs, particularly in terms of Honours comparability for Bachelor Degrees and the theoretical/practical balance of technical and vocational qualifications
- Help you fine-tune your use of the guidelines when assessing for specific academic or employment purposes

Not all qualifications in all countries are assessed

Generally, we assess qualifications only from institutions with legal authorisation (and in some cases supported by accreditation) to award diplomas, degrees or certificates. Even then, it is not always possible to develop guidelines for all qualifications, so some are assessed on a case-by-case basis on application to AEI-NOOSR for an educational assessment.

We do not assess:

- Australian qualifications
- short courses or single-subject certificates or diplomas
- incomplete studies, however substantial
- licenses, permits or other employment-related documents
- trade qualifications (See the relevant Australian state and territory trade skills assessing authority)
- general or academic secondary school qualifications. (See the relevant Australian state and territory educational authority)
- qualifications awarded by professional bodies, unless there is evidence that the qualification has a recognised educational status in the country concerned
- In rare cases, some overseas qualifications may not lend themselves to comparison with qualifications of the AQF due to differences in the quality, nature, content and orientation of the program

For more information on Australian qualifications and the AQF

- See [Australia Country Education Profile \(pdf 1000kb\)](#)

Section 1 – Leading institutions, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows for [Section 1 institutions](#):

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification	Comparable to the educational level of the AQF qualification	Assessment notes
1	Bachelor Degree <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 4 years full-time after 10 years school or 2 years full-time after the Intermediate Examination ● In arts, science, commerce or economics 	Associate Degree	
2	Honours Bachelor Degree <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 5 years full-time after 10 	Bachelor Degree	

	<p>years school or 3 years full-time after the Intermediate Examination</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In arts, science, commerce or economics 		
3	<p>Bachelor Degree</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5 or more years full-time after 10 years school or 3 years full-time after the Intermediate Examination In a professional field 	Bachelor Degree	
4	<p>Bachelor of Education, Diploma of Education</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 year full-time after a Bachelor Degree as described in guideline 1 	Bachelor Degree	
5	<p>Bachelor of Laws</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 years full time after a Bachelor Degree 	Bachelor Degree	
6	<p>Master Degree</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 years full-time after a Bachelor Degree described in guideline 1 	Bachelor Degree	A
7	<p>Master Degree</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 years full-time after a 5-year Bachelor Degree In a professional field 	Graduate Diploma	A
8	Other qualifications	Assessed on a case-by-case basis	

Assessment notes

- A. Program variations exist, and for some qualifications, a case-by-case assessment may result in a higher assessment outcome.

Section 1 institutions

A B C D E F G H [I](#) J K L [M](#) N O P Q R S [T](#) [U](#) V W X [Y](#) Z

I**Institute of Dental Medicine, Mandalay**

Also known as: University of Dental Medicine, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Economics, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Economics, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Formerly part of the University of Rangoon. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Institute of Pharmacy, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Pharmacy, Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

M**Mandalay University**

Formerly known as: Arts and Science University, Mandalay and Arts and Science University of Mandalay,
University of Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded 1958 as University of Mandalay. Formerly college of the University of Rangoon. Reorganised in 1964 and Faculties of Medicine and Agriculture detached as separate institutions.

T**Thwar Bet Saingya Sei Thekatho****Institute of Dental Medicine, Yangon**

Also known as: University of Dental Medicine, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Dental Medicine, Rangoon,
College of Dental Medicine, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Formerly part of the University of Rangoon. Acquired present status 1974. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

U**University of Computer Studies, Yangon**

Also known as: UCSY

Formerly known as: Institute of Computer Science and Technology,
Institute of Computer Science

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1988. Acquired present status 1998. Formerly the computer centre of the University of Rangoon. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Medicine 1, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine I, Yangon,
Institute of Medicine I, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964 as a separate institution. Formerly the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Rangoon. Acquired present title from 2005. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Medicine 2, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine II, Yangon,
Institute of Medicine II, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964 as a separate institution. Formerly the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Rangoon. Acquired present title from 2005. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Medicine, Mandalay

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded 1964 as a separate institution. Formerly the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Mandalay. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of

Medical Sciences.

University of Veterinary Science, Yezin

Also known as: UVS

Formerly known as: Institute of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science, Rangoon.,
Institute of Veterinary Science, Insein

Comments: Located in Pyinmana Township, Mandalay. Founded in 1964 as a university level institute.
Formerly a college of the University of Rangoon. Acquired present title in 1999.

University of Yangon

Formerly known as: Arts and Science University 1964-1990 and Arts and Science
University of Yangon 1991-1995,
University of Rangoon 1946-1964

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1920. Reorganised in 1964 and Faculties of Social
Science, Agriculture, Medicine, Forestry, Engineering, Education and College of Veterinary Science
detached as separate institutions.

Y

Yangon Institute of Education

Also known as: YIOE

Formerly known as: Institute of Education, Yangon,
Institute of Education, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Previously the Faculty of Education of former
University of Rangoon. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon Technological University

Also known as: YTU

Formerly known as: Yangon Institute of Technology (YIT) 1989 -July 1998,
Rangoon Institute of Technology, Gyogon, Insein. Institute of Technology, Rangoon,

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Former Faculty of Engineering of the University of Rangoon.
Detached as a separate university level institution in 1964. Acquired present title in July 1998. Under the
jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology
since 1997

Yangon University of Distance Education

Also known as: YUDE

Formerly known as: University of Distance Education,
University of Rangoon, Distance Education Section

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded in 1975. Acquired status in 1993. Under the jurisdiction
of the Ministry of Education.

Yezin University of Agriculture, Pyinmana

Formerly known as: Institute of Agriculture Yezin, Pyinmana 1975 -96.,
Institute of Agriculture, Mandalay 1964-1975

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established 1924 as the Agricultural College and Research
Institute of Mandalay. Former Faculty of Agriculture of University of Rangoon 1947-1958 and University of
Mandalay 1958-64. Detached as an independent institute in 1964. Present status as a university level
institution since 1964. Relocated from Mandalay to Yezin in 1973. Acquired present title in 1997. Under the
jurisdiction of the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Section 2 – Other university-level institutions, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows for [Section 2 institutions](#):

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification	Comparable to the educational level of the AQF qualification
1	All qualifications	Assessed on a case-by-case basis

Section 2 institutions

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

B

Bago Degree College

Comments: An Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Bhamo University

Formerly known as: Bhamo/Bamaw Degree College

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Established in 2002-03. Acquired present title in January 2007.

Bogalay Education College

Formerly known as: Bogalay State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Founded in 1970 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

C

Central Co-operative College, Phaunggyi

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives

D

Dagon University

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 1993. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Dawai Education College

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Dawei University

Also known as: University of Dawei

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Defence Service Academy of Technology, Pyin Oo Lwin

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.

Defence Service Academy, Pyin Oo Lwin

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.

Defence Service Institute of Medicine

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 1992.

G

Government Technical Institute, Insein

Comments: Located in Yangon. Founded 1890.

Government Technical Institute, Kalaw

Comments: Located in Kalaw, Shan State. Founded 1968.

Government Technical Institute, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay. Founded 1955.

H

Hinthada University

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Hlegu Education College

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Hpa-An Education College

Comments: Located in Kayin State. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Hpa-An University

Formerly known as: Hpa-An Degree College

Comments: Located in Kayin State. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

I

Institute of Community Health

Also known as: University of Community Health, Magway

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences. Located at the University of Medicine, Magway.

Institute of Forestry

Comments: Located in Yezin, Pyinmana , Mandalay Division. Founded in 1923 as a teaching department of University of Rangoon. Acquired present status in 1992. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Forestry.

Institute of Para-Medical Sciences, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Para-Medical Sciences, Yangon

Also known as: University of Medical Technology, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Para-Medical Sciences, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in General Hospital Compound, Rangoon in 1964. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

International Theravada Buddhist Missionary University

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in December 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Religious Affairs.

K

Kalay University

Formerly known as: Kalay Degree College

Comments: Located in Chin State. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Kyainge Tong University

Also known as: Kyaington University, Kengtung University

Formerly known as: Kyainge Tong Degree College

Comments: Located in Shan State. Established in 2001. Acquired present title in 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Kyaukpyu Education College

Formerly known as: Kyaukpyn State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Rakhine State. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Kyaukse University

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

L

Lashio University

Formerly known as: Lashio Degree College

Comments: Located in Shan State. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present title in January 2007.

Loikaw University

Formerly known as: Loikaw College

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Formerly a 2 year Arts and Science College under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Since upgraded to university status.

M

Magway Education College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Magwe University

Also known as: Magway University

Formerly known as: Magwe Degree College,

Magwe College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Founded 1955. Acquired present title in 1996. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Mandalay Education College

Formerly known as: Mandalay State Teachers' Training College

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded in 1952 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Mandalay Regional Co-operative College

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives.

Mandalay Technological University

Also known as: MTU

Formerly known as: Institute of Technology, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Acquired present status in 1993 and title in 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Mandalay University of Culture

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established in November 2001. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Culture.

Mandalay University of Distance Education

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Maubin University

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Mawlamyine Education College

Formerly known as: Moulmein State Teachers' Training College

Comments: Located in Mon State. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Mawlamyine University

Also known as: Mawlamein University

Formerly known as: Moulmein University,

Moulmein College

Comments: Located in Mon State. Founded in 1953 as a College. University title since 1986. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Meiktila Education College

Formerly known as: Meiktila State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Meiktila Institute of Economics

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Meiktila University

Formerly known as: Meiktila Degree College

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Mhonyin Degree College

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Opened February 2004. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Military Institute of Nursing and Paramedical Science

Formerly known as: Defence Service Institute of Nursing

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 2000. Located in Yangon. Acquired present title in 2002. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.

Monywa Education College

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Monywa Institute of Economics

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Monywa University

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. First founded 1996; reorganised 1997. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Myanmar Aerospace Engineering University

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded February 2002. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Transport.

Myanmar Maritime University

Formerly known as: Institute of Marine Technology

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Acquired present title and status in August 2002. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Transport.

Myaungmya Education College

Formerly known as: Myaungmya State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Ayeerwaddy Division. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Myeik University

Formerly known as: Myeik Degree College

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Myingyan Degree College

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Myitkyina Education College

Formerly known as: Myitkyina State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Established in 1962 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Myitkyina University

Formerly known as: Myitkyina Degree College,
Myitkyina College

Comments: Located in Myitkyina, Kachin State. Founded 1963 as a College. Acquired present title in 1997.

N

National Management College

Comments: Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Nationalities Youth Resource Development Degree College, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Progress of Border Areas and National Races and Development Affairs.

Nationalities Youth Resource Development Degree College, Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Progress of Border Areas and National Races and Development Affairs.

Nursing Institute Yangon

Also known as: University of Nursing, Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon. Founded 1964. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Nursing Institute, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Nursing Institute, Yangon

Also known as: Institute of Nursing, Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

P

Pakokku Education College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pakokku University

Formerly known as: Pakokku Degree College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pathein Education College

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pathein University

Formerly known as: Pathein College,
Bassein College

Comments: Located in Pathein (Bassein), Ayeyarwaddy Division. Founded in 1958 as a College. Acquired present title and status in 1996.

Pinlon University

Also known as: Pang Long University

Comments: Located in Shan State. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pyay Education College

Formerly known as: Pyay (Prome) State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Founded in 1968 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pyay Technological University

Also known as: PTU

Formerly known as: Pyay Institute of Technology (PIT)

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Established in 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

S

Sagaing Education College

Formerly known as: Sagaing State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Established in 1968 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Sagaing Institute of Education

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Sagaing Regional Co-operative College

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives.

Shwebo University

Formerly known as: Shwebo Degree College

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Formerly and Arts and Science Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Sittwe University

Also known as: Sittway University

Formerly known as: Akyab College, Akyab,
Sittwe College

Comments: Located in Sittwe, Rakhine State. Founded as a College in 1973. Founded as a university 1996.

State Agricultural Institute

Comments: Located in Pyinmana (Mandalay Division) -Founded 1954 and Thaton (Mon State) -Founded 1967.

T

Taunggyi Education College

Formerly known as: Taunggyi State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Shan State. Founded in 1964 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Taunggyi University

Formerly known as: Taunggyi College

Comments: Located in Taunggyi, Shan State. Founded 1961. Acquired present title in 1992.

Taungoo Education College

Formerly known as: Taungoo State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Established in 1967 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Taungoo University

Also known as: University of Taungoo

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Technological University (Banmaw/Bhamo)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Banmaw/Bhamo

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Dawei)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Dawei

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Hinthada)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Hinthada

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Hmabi/Hmawby)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Hmabi/Hmawby

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Kalay)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Kalay

Comments: Located in Chin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Kyaington/ Kengtung)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Kyaington/ Kengtung

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Kyaukse)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Kyaukse

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Lashio)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Lashio

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Loikaw)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Loikaw

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Magwe/Magway)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Magwe/ Magway

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Mandalay)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Maubin)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Maubin

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine

Comments: Located in Mon State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Meiktila)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Meiktila

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Monywa)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Monywa

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Myeik)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Myeik

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Myitkyina)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Myitkyina

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Pakokku)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Pakokku

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Patheingyi)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Patheingyi

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Pha-an/Hpa-an)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Pha-an/Hpa-an

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Pinlon/Panglong)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Pinlon/Panglong

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Sittwe/ Sittway)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Sittwe/Sittway

Comments: Located in Rakhine State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Taungtha/ Toungtha)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Taungtha/ Toungtha

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Taunggyi)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Taunggyi

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of

the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Thanhlyin/Thanlyin)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Thanhlyin/Thanlyin

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Thinganggyun Education College

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

U

University for the Development of National Races

Formerly known as: Academy for Development of National Groups,
Institute for Development of National Races

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the administration of the Public Service Selection and Training Board. As an Academy it trained assistant teachers at primary level. Since being upgraded to a university in 1991 it has offered B.Ed programs.

University of Computer Studies (Banmaw/Bhamo)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Banmaw/Bhamo)

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Dawei)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Dawei)

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Hinthada)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Hinthada)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Kalay)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Kalay)

Comments: Located in Chin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Kyaington/Kengtung)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Kyaington/Kengtung)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Lashio)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Lashio)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Loikaw)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Loikaw)

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Magwe/Magway)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Magwe/Magway)

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Mandalay)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Mandalay)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Maubin)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Maubin)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine)

Comments: Located in Mon State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Meikhtila/Meiktila)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Meikhtila/Meiktila)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Monywa)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Monywa)

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Myeik)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Myeik)

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Myitkyina)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Myitkyina)

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pakokku)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pakokku)

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Patheingyi)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Patheingyi)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pha-an/Hpa-an)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pha-an/Hpa-an)

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pinlon/Panglong)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pinlon/Panglong)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pyaw)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pyaw)

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Sittwe/ Sittway)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Sittwe/ Sittway)

Comments: Located in Rakhine State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Taunggyi/Taungtha)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Taunggyi/Taungtha)

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Taungtha)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Taungtha)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Yangon)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Yangon)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies, Mandalay

Also known as: UCSM

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded 1997. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of East Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

University of Foreign Languages, Mandalay

Also known as: UFLM

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

University of Medicine, Magway

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine, Magway

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Pyay

Also known as: Pyay University

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

University of Traditional Medicine, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established in December 2001. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health.

W

West Yangon Technological University

Also known as: WYTU

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. The Hlaingtharyar campus of YTU was opened in 1999-2000 academic year. The new campus was around 10km west of the main YTU campus at Gyogon. Since established as a separate university under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

West Yangon University

Also known as: University of West Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Workers College, Yangon

Formerly known as: Workers College, Rangoon,
University for Adult Education est. 1947

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. The University for Adult Education offered courses leading to exams and degrees from the University of Rangoon. Founded 1964 under its present name as a university level institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Y

Yadanabon University

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon Co-operative Degree College, Thanylin

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives.

Yangon University

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Campuses at Botahtaung, Hlaing, and Kyminyindine. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon University of Culture

Also known as: YUC

Formerly known as: University of Culture (UC)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded September 1993. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Culture.

Yangon University of Foreign Languages

Formerly known as: Institute for Foreign Languages, Yangon,
Institute for Foreign Languages, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1963 as a university level institution. Acquired present title in 1996. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yankin Education College

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yenangyaung Degree College

Formerly known as: Yenangyaung College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Formerly and Arts and Science (2 year) College since upgraded to 4 year Degree College. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Section 3 – Assessment guidelines for qualifications awarded before 1964, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows:

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification	Comparable to the educational level of the AQF qualification
1	All qualifications	

Section 1 – All institutions, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows.

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification	Comparable to the educational level of the AQF qualification
1	Diploma or Associateship	

Quality indicators in technical and vocational education, Myanmar



Technical education in Myanmar focuses on skills for an underdeveloped country with an agriculture-based economy. The educational level of some technical courses (e.g. some Diploma or Associateship programs), is comparable to some Australian TAFE courses.

Qualifications from secondary schools, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows:

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification
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[A](#) [B](#) [C](#) [D](#) [E](#) [F](#) [G](#) [H](#) [I](#) [J](#) [K](#) [L](#) [M](#) [N](#) [O](#) [P](#) [Q](#) [R](#) [S](#) [T](#) [U](#) [V](#) [W](#) [X](#) [Y](#) [Z](#)

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Qualifications from secondary schools, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows:

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification
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Section 3 – Assessment guidelines for qualifications awarded before 1964, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows:

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification
1	All qualifications Assessed on a case-by-case basis

Quality indicators in higher education, Assessment guidelines, Myanmar



Quality considerations

The standard of higher education dropped after 1964 because of the:

- Decline of English. It is now being taught again from primary school, but it will take some time before those at higher education level have good English skills. In the meantime, many academics and most students will not be able to access key sources of information such as textbooks and journals
- Isolation of the country from most of the world.

There are signs that the situation is improving. Education is opening up and international organisations (such as UNESCO and UNDP) are now participating.

Institutions

Yangon/Rangoon University is the top university, with Mandalay second and Moulmein a very distant third. The medical institutes are generally the most prestigious and the Institute of Economics is also highly regarded. The Rangoon Institute of Technology is the leading institution in its field and the top teacher training institution is the Institute of Education.

Several institutes offer degrees in agriculture, veterinary science and related areas. The main centre is at Pyinmana where the Institute of Agriculture and the Institute of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science have a new campus. The Institute of Forestry is also at Pyinmana (Yezin).

The 14 regional colleges offer only the first 2 years of Bachelor Degrees, and have low prestige.

Organisation of assessment guidelines

[Section 1](#) – covers qualifications from leading institutions

[Section 2](#) – covers qualifications from other university-level institutions

[Section 3](#) – covers qualifications awarded before 1964

Section 1 – All institutions, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows.

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification	Comparable to the educational level of the AQF qualification
1	Diploma or Associateship <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3 years full-time• Awarded by a government technical institute	Certificate IV
2	Other qualifications	Assessed on a case-by-case basis

Qualifications from secondary schools, Myanmar



Qualifications are assessed as follows:

No.	Myanmar (Burma) qualification	Comparable to the educational level of the AQF qualification
1	Intermediate Examination	Senior Secondary Certificate of Education (Year 12 award) – for general employment purposes

Quality indicators in school education, Myanmar



Before 1964 Standard 10 was broadly comparable to finishing secondary education in Australia. Only the best students passed, and many of these took a longer than 10 years to do so.

After 1964, there were disruptions to the education system, much higher pass rates, no compulsory maths paper and less focus on English language. Standard 10 is therefore much weaker.

English language skills are improving as English is now taught in primary school (since the early 1980s). Currently Standard 10 is not comparable to Australian Year 12.

Education System, Myanmar



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[Diagram of education system](#)

Grading systems

- [Higher education](#)

Higher education

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Technical and vocational education

- [Overview](#)

Teacher education

- [Primary](#)
- [Secondary](#)
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School education

- [Overview](#)

Overview of education system, Myanmar



The education system

The education system has been influenced by Myanmar's history of colonial rule and Japanese occupation, and since independence has been characterised by a move to 'Burmanise' education.

Commentators usually identify the mid-1960s as the time of fundamental change in the education system: the *Higher (or University) Education Act of 1964*, the nationalisation of private schools in 1965 and the *Basic Education Act of 1966* laid the foundations of the present system.

Until 1961, school education consisted of 9 years of schooling with a 4-3-2 pattern. In 1962 an additional year was added for matriculation studies, increasing school education to 10 years (4-3-3); previously students had been able to attempt both the high school leaving examination (Standard IX) and the matriculation examination in the same year. In 1966, the *Basic Education Law* was introduced and 10-year 'basic education' changed to a 4-4-2 pattern, following a kindergarten year. Specialised high schools were established to provide technical, agricultural and other vocational education for the less academically orientated.

School education consists of 5 years of primary schooling (Kindergarten and Standards I-IV), followed by 4 years of middle school (Standards V-VIII) and 2 years of high school (Standards IX and X). Schooling up until the end of middle school is free but not compulsory.

On completion of Standard X, students must sit for the Basic Education High School (BEHS) Examination. Depending on the results of this examination students may proceed to a university, institute, 4-year college or 2-year regional college. The regional colleges were established in 1977 to offer a 2-year program of tertiary study, corresponding to the first 2 years of a university course. After 2 years at a regional college with suitable grades, students may be allowed to enter another tertiary institution at 3rd year level.

The Ministry of Education designs and controls the pre-tertiary curriculum, and supervises examinations at all levels of primary, middle and high school education. The main examinations at this level are held at Standard IV, Standard VIII and Standard X. The 'old

system' held the middle school examination at the end of Standard VII, and had separate examinations for Standard IX (completion of high school) and for Standard X (matriculation). The major curriculum reforms to Burmanise the syllabus and textbooks at the pre-tertiary levels were made after independence, and the major reforms to the tertiary system were made in 1964 with the 'new system'.

Academic year

Over the last 20 years the academic year has been changed repeatedly. At present it starts in late November or early December and ends with examinations in September.

Language of instruction

In the last decade there has been an increasing need for both the formal and informal study of foreign languages, especially English. To cater for this demand, the Government has expanded the courses available at the Institute of Foreign Languages since 1980, and a few non-degree institutions have also opened.

The main change to the curriculum from the mid-1970s was the change to Burmese-medium instruction. Since the early 1980s English has become a compulsory subject from primary level, and English-medium education has been reintroduced at the tertiary level.

There is a continuing problem in providing textbooks in Burmese at advanced tertiary levels: in many subject areas courses are given in Burmese but textbooks in English continue to be used. The Government has been trying to produce materials for lower-level tertiary studies in Burmese, but economic problems have made this difficult.

Administration and finance

Most education is the responsibility of the Ministry of Education, which controls funding and curriculum for primary, middle and high schools and for most types of tertiary institutions. Specialist institutes may be the responsibility of other ministries: for example the Ministry of Health administers the 3 Institutes of Medicine, the Institute of Dental Medicine, the Institute of Paramedical Sciences and the 5 post-graduate medical schools (administered by the Institute of Medicine No. 1). The Ministry of Co-operatives runs vocational schools in weaving. Other smaller training institutions are run by various ministries for their own staff (for example in forestry, located together with the Institutes of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science at Pinyinmana [Yezin]).

The Ministry of Defence administers the Defence Forces College, formerly the Military Academy, at Maymyo. It offers 4-year Rangoon University BSc degrees, as well as many other shorter types of course for the military. Its intake is from successful matriculants, with preference given to the children of military families. Graduates receive a military commission as well as the BSc.

About Myanmar

The Union of Myanmar, known until 1988 as the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma, is one of the larger countries of Southeast Asia. To the north-east it has borders with China and to the south-east with Thailand. There is also a short and remote river border with Laos. To the west it abuts north-eastern India and eastern Bangladesh, where some local cross-border contacts occur. Hilly terrain has made communications with all neighbours difficult, with land trade limited and mostly unofficial. The most widespread religion is Theravada Buddhism.

Myanmar has substantial natural resources including oil, gems and minerals, which have not yet been fully developed. The economy has been centrally planned on a socialist model since 1962, which has severely affected the development of agriculture, mining and industry.

The population is 56.5 million (2006 est). About two-thirds are Burmans, speakers of the national language, Burmese. The minority groups using languages such as Chin, Karen, Mon and Shan learn Burmese as a second language. Most minority languages have their own written form, and some official status, but the central Government does not provide much support for them.

The written variety of Burmese is quite different from the informal spoken variety. The earliest inscriptions date from the 12th century AD, with the modern written variety stabilising several hundred years ago. The spoken variety however has continued to evolve. Recently written Burmese vocabulary has been imported into the spoken language to reduce the differences, but most basic grammatical markers remain different. One example of these differences is the name of the country: in literary Burmese it is Myanma and in spoken Burmese it is Bama. The other recent name change, in which the capital, Rangoon, is now called Yangon, reflects the modern written and spoken form.

The country was occupied by the British between 1824 and 1948. Prior to the arrival of the British in 1824 the traditional source of education was within Buddhist monasteries, where most boys learned to read and write. Girls also attended the monastery schools, and until recently the monastery with its attached school was a feature of village life and resulted in a strong tradition of peasant literacy.

The British introduced western-style schools from 1825, with a government high school being opened in Rangoon in 1892. Education was conducted on a tripartite system of Vernacular (Burmese medium), Anglo-Vernacular, and European Code (English-medium) schools, all offering a 10-year program. The Burmese-medium schools were terminal and offered a fairly perfunctory education. Such was the drop-out rate that nearly 90% of children enrolled failed to complete 4th Year, and only about 4% reached 9th Year. Promising students in the Burmese system could transfer to the Anglo-Vernacular stream after 4th Year. The Anglo-Vernacular and English-medium schools, mostly private, grant-in-aid institutions, offered an academically-orientated syllabus designed to prepare students for university entrance or for middle-level civil service employment.

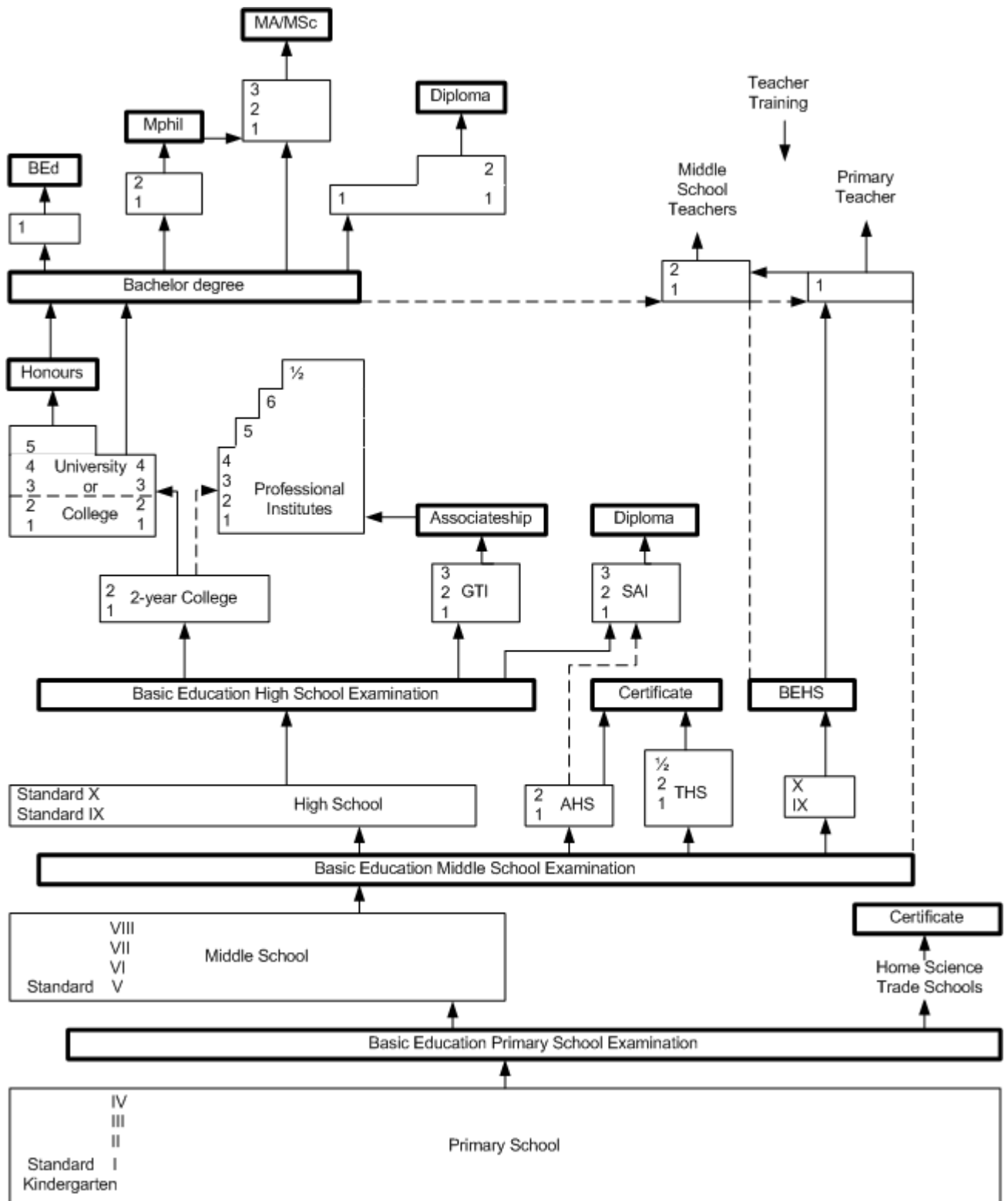
During the Japanese occupation (1941-45) the language of instruction was Burmese; the tripartite system was abolished. The system, as modified by the Japanese, remained structurally unchanged for some time after independence, although English was reintroduced as a compulsory second language, from the beginning of middle school.

Higher education colleges were established in the 1880s and 1890s, initially through affiliation with the University of Calcutta. In 1920 University College and Judson College were merged to form the University of Rangoon, now the Arts and Science University of Yangon/Rangoon (formerly Rangoon Arts and Science University [RASU]).

In the 19th century provision of English-medium education was left mainly to missionaries, but the Government began to supervise, subsidise and expand primary and secondary education early in the 20th century. Until Independence in 1948, jobs requiring post-secondary education were mainly filled by immigrant Indians, or by Burmese students who attended institutions in India. After Independence, following Japanese Occupation during World War II, Burma experienced a period of political turmoil until a coup in 1962 installed the Ne Win military government, bringing a centralised government to power.

Diagram of education system, Myanmar





In the 'old system', pre-1964, marks at tertiary level followed the British model: fail, pass, and distinction.

In the 'new system' (since 1964) marks given are from 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest); the normal passing mark is 3. During the early stages of the 'new system' it was possible to pass with grades as low as 2 in 2 of the student's 5 subjects, as long as the other 3 were 3 or more.

A grade of 4 or 4.5 is regarded as a good result, with 5 almost impossible to achieve. Most tertiary subjects used to have mid-year and final examinations; now there is one final examination.

Courses and qualifications, Higher education, Education system, Myanmar



Undergraduate education

Bachelor Degree

The first qualification at undergraduate level is the Bachelor Degree.

- The Bachelor Degree in arts, science and commerce (including economics) requires 4 years of full time study, with an additional year for Honours
- Bachelor Degrees in Engineering, Architecture, Forestry and Law require 5-6 years study
- In Dentistry, Medicine and Veterinary Sciences studies last for 6-6.5 years. The Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery (MB and BS) are followed by a 1-year internship.

The structure of the Burmese Bachelor Degree was originally based on the 19th Century Indian model, still in operation in Pakistan and Bangladesh. This consisted of 2 years of study in arts, science or commerce, leading to the Intermediate Certificate Examination. This was followed by 2 years of more specialised study leading to the (pass) Bachelor Degree. Students who performed particularly well in the Intermediate Certificate Examination were eligible to undertake the 3-year program leading to an Honours Bachelor Degree.

Variations

Names may vary in translation and older degrees may also vary. Although 1964 saw the introduction of various changes to degree requirements, enrolled students had the option of entering the new system (if eligible) or of completing their studies under the old system.

The LLB course, currently 5 years, formerly required 2 years of study following a Bachelor Degree.

Sources differ concerning the current requirements for the Bachelor of Agriculture, listed variously as a 4, 5 or 6-year course. Similarly, the BSc in computing is officially listed as a 4 or 5-year program.

Postgraduate education

Diplomas

Universities offer postgraduate Diploma courses of 1-2 years duration. Those in the applied sciences require 2 years of study, those in the humanities 1 year. This has not necessarily always been the case.

Most of the professional institutes offer postgraduate Diploma programs in specialised areas which may be 1-year, 2-year, or 2-year part-time courses. The Institutes of Medicine, the Institute of Paramedical Sciences and the Institute of Foreign languages offer a wide range of Diploma courses.

The Institute of Foreign Languages also offers a number of Certificate of Proficiency programs to in-service graduate personnel. Certificate courses are normally part-time, short courses.

Master Degree

2 types of Master degrees are currently offered by most higher education institutions in Myanmar: the Master of Philosophy and the Master of Arts or Science. The Institutes of Medicine offer courses leading to the Master of Medical Sciences in a number of specialities.

The Master of Philosophy requires 2 years of postgraduate study and the Master of Arts/Science, 3 years. Most faculties/institutes offer both degrees. Official sources state that students completing the MPhil may then enrol for the MA/MSc course, but it is not clear whether the MPhil is a necessary requirement for the MA/MSc, or if it admits with some advanced standing. No details are available concerning the structure of the courses.

We have seen some older Master degrees, involving 2 years of study following a 4-year Bachelor degree. A thesis may be required.

[AEIHome](#) |

Admission requirements, Higher education, Education system, Myanmar



Admission to tertiary institutions is selective. Students are streamed into 2 groups based on their performance in the BEHS Examination. Those who make the 'A list' may proceed directly to a university or college, with the top 2,000 students gaining selection to professional institutes. Students on the 'B list' may proceed to regional colleges or government technical institutes.

Students in non-professional areas are admitted to majors according to their results, with the highest marks required for entry into international relations, lower marks for science subjects, and the lowest marks for arts subjects.

Types of institutions, Higher education, Education system, Myanmar



Universities (*Tekkatho*)

Universities are sometimes also referred to as *Tekkatho*. The first higher education institutions in Myanmar were Government College, Rangoon (formerly Rangoon College) and Judson College (formerly the Baptist College). These were initially affiliated colleges of the University of Calcutta and later the 2 constituent colleges of the University of Rangoon. The University of Rangoon did not become an affiliating university on the original Indian model, although at different times off-campus institutions have been described as 'affiliated' with the University.

The University was closed during the Japanese occupation in World War II. In 1949, following independence from Britain the previous year, the University opened as a reorganised national

university. The collegiate model was replaced by a 'unitary' model, based on a faculty system. University College, a division of the University at Mandalay, became the University of Mandalay in 1958.

The University of Medicine, Mandalay, and the Institute of Agriculture were formed from the University of Mandalay, which became known as the Mandalay Arts and Science University (MASU), now known officially as the University of Arts and Science of Mandalay. Documents submitted to us indicate that the institution may also be known (in English) as the University of Mandalay.

Technical institutes

The *University [Higher] Education Act of 1964* abandoned the concept of the comprehensive university. The Universities of Rangoon and Mandalay were 'reduced' to their arts and science faculties, while the professional faculties were separated from the universities and established as university-level institutes. The Institutes of Medicine Nos I and II, Rangoon, the Institute of Economics, the Institute of Education, the Institute of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Medicine and the Rangoon Institute of Technology were former faculties of the University of Rangoon, which became known as the Rangoon Arts and Science University (RASU), now known officially as the University of Arts and Science of Yangon. Documents submitted to us indicate that the institution may also be known (in English) as the University of Yangon/Rangoon.

At the same time the Institute of Foreign Languages and the Institute of Paramedical Sciences were established, offering specialist diplomas, mostly at postgraduate level. The College of Dentistry was also established in 1964. Originally part of the Institute of Medicine No. I, it became an independent, degree-granting, university-level institute in 1974, as the Institute of Dental Medicine. Recent sources also list the Institute of Computer Science and Technology as a degree-granting professional institute, but no other information is available.

Colleges

In 1976-77, 18 2-year regional colleges were established, to promote growth in the higher education sector, and 2 more colleges were established the following year. Official sources from the period 1975-1976 suggest that the regional colleges were originally intended to provide courses with a vocational rather than an academic orientation (see [Technical and vocational education](#)). This may or may not have come into effect; certainly for some years the 2-year colleges have offered courses corresponding to the first 2 years of university study, mainly in arts and science. In some cases the regional colleges represent a continuation of the off-campus Intermediate Colleges of the Universities of Rangoon and Mandalay.

In 1980 the regional colleges, formerly described as 'quasi-government' institutions, came under the jurisdiction of the Department of Higher Education, and are no longer officially referred to as 'regional' colleges. A number of the 2-year colleges have been upgraded to 4-year degree colleges and at least 2 are now universities. Moulmein/Mawlamyine and Bassein/Pathein College became Mawlamyine University and Pathein University, respectively. Official publications (1990) list 6 4-year colleges, 11 2-year colleges, and 1 projected college (in Chin State).

Distance education

The Government has also promoted distance education. In 1981 university level correspondence courses, formerly administered by a 'quasi-government' establishment, were placed under the control of the Department of Education. Correspondence courses are normally run by the universities, each of which has its own Correspondence Centre. By 1984-85, enrolments in correspondence courses represented nearly half of total university

and college enrolments. In addition the Workers' College (until 1964 the non-degree University of Adult Education) offered a Bachelor Degree program over 5 years (part-time) to selected personnel. The Workers' University is affiliated to the University of Yangon/Rangoon.

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Overview, Technical and vocational education, Education system, Myanmar



Technical and vocational training has been a Government priority in order to answer the demand for technical manpower.

Technical education can be undertaken on completion of Standard IV at home science and trade schools. Courses at this level include fishery, general maintenance, domestic science and handicrafts. Certificates are awarded on completion of the course which lasts 3-12 months, depending on the subject.

Entry was at post-Matriculation level and subject to success in the entrance examination. The Agricultural Institute at Pyinmana offered post-secondary training for agricultural extension workers and teachers of vocational agriculture in high schools. Entrants had to pass the Matriculation and Regional College final examinations or be junior assistant teachers.

The Institute of Nursing in Yangon offered a 4-year Bachelor of Science course in Nursing. 2-year Diploma courses in Physiotherapy, Pharmacy, Radiography and Medical Technology were offered by the Institute of Paramedical Sciences.

Students who are successful in the BEHS examination are eligible to sit the entry examination for a Government Technical Institute or a State Agricultural Institute, to undertake study for a further 3 years to receive a Diploma or Associateship. There is a high demand for these courses. A 3-year Diploma or Associateship from a tertiary level technical institute with good results allows entry to the 3rd year of the Yangon/Rangoon Institute of Technology Bachelor of Engineering course. Commercial schools also offer courses at this level, normally of 9 months' duration.

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Primary, Teacher education, Education system, Myanmar



Primary school teachers have to complete a 1-year program at one of the 13 Teacher Training Schools, but these have insufficient capacity to meet the demand and some new teachers complete a 3-month condensed course instead. Distance learning in-service programs are also available.

In 1990 the Ministry of Education stated that primary school teachers were required to hold a university degree, except in areas where there was a shortage of graduates, in which case those who have passed the Basic Education High School Examination could teach primary classes and receive teacher training.

Other sources suggest that entry into teacher training schools is based on completion of middle school (Standard V) and a pass in the Basic Education Middle School Examination.

Middle school teachers normally complete a 2-year program at one of the 4 Teacher Training Colleges, for which the minimum entry level is Standard X and a pass in the BEMS

Examination. Primary teachers can upgrade to middle school teachers by completing a 1-year Teacher Training College course.

Parallel to the regular programs of teacher education are those run by the Academy for the Development of National Groups, which trains teachers mainly for minority groups in remote areas in a 4-year 'ladder' program.

A middle school graduate might complete 1 year's training to qualify as a Primary Assistant Teacher (PAT). After a further 2 years he or she could then become a Junior Assistant Teacher (JAT), qualified to teach in middle school. A further 1-year course, mainly by correspondence, leads to the Diploma in Teaching (DT), a high school teaching qualification. Holders of the DT can be admitted to the 2-year correspondence BEd program at the Institute of Education.

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Technical and vocational, Teacher education, Education system, Myanmar



Technical Teachers are trained at the Government Technical Teachers' Training Institute (TTTI), which provides continuous training and upgrading programs.

Overview, School education, Education system, Myanmar



Structure of school education

Kindergarten starts at age 5 and is not compulsory.

Primary education is compulsory, and covers Standards I-V (ages 5-9). Promotion from one Standard to the next is not automatic. Most children at least attempt the Basic Education Primary School Examination which, if passed, permits them to proceed to middle school.

Middle school (Standards VI-IX and ages 10-13) is much less widely available than primary education, and the proportion of students who continue to this level is small. Of the primary school cohort only about a third of students progress to middle school.

On completion of middle school, students sit the Basic Education Middle School Examination which is administered by the Board of Examinations. Of students who pass this examination, only about one-third proceed to high school.

Entry to high school is based on a pass in the Basic Education Middle School Examination and a selection test. High school students are either streamed into an academic stream covering Standards X-XI or a 2-year technical stream. Both are for students aged 14-15.

Curriculum

Compulsory subjects studied at Primary school are Burmese, arithmetic, geography, history and general science. The middle school curriculum includes technical studies, rural studies, handicrafts and domestic science as well as academic subjects.

High school is divided into a number of streams, including the academic stream which makes up about 95% of enrolments. The academic stream is further divided into arts and science streams. In both streams Burmese and English form part of the combination of subjects required for each stream.

Qualifications

At the end of high school, students in the academic stream sit the Basic Education High School (BEHS) Examination, a national matriculation examination conducted by the Ministry of Education. The examination comprises 1 paper in English, 1 in Burmese, and 3 optional subjects. To be successful, the candidate must pass in all of the papers attempted. Students wishing to enter science, engineering and medical areas are required to include mathematics.

Under the 'old system' the proportion of students who matriculated was very low, with 3-6% passing. In 1978 some 42% qualified for tertiary entry.

There are agricultural, technical and other vocational high schools in addition to academic high schools. A certificate is awarded after 2.5 years at a technical high school or 2 years at an agricultural high school. The technical stream represents about 3% of the high school population, the evening engineering classes just over 1%, the agricultural stream about 1%, and the other vocational schools less than 1%.

Access to further education

Further study opportunities exist for students at both primary and middle school exit points. On completing the 5th year of primary school students are eligible to attend home science and trade schools. Students completing middle school are eligible to attend 1 of the technical, agricultural or other vocational schools for 2 years.

Students completing high school may undertake tertiary studies at a university, a 2-year or 4-year or teacher training college, or a professional institute.

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List of institutions, Myanmar



A **B** **C** **D** **E** **F** **G** **H** **I** **J** **K** **L** **M** **N** **O** **P** **Q** **R** **S** **T** **U** **V** **W** **X** **Y** **Z**

B	Assessment Guidelines
<p>Bago Degree College</p> <p>Comments: An Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Bhamo University</p> <p>Formerly known as: Bhamo/Bamaw Degree College</p> <p>Comments: Located in Kachin State. Established in 2002-03. Acquired present title in January 2007.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Bogalay Education College</p> <p>Formerly known as: Bogalay State Teachers' Training School</p> <p>Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Founded in 1970 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2

C	Assessment Guidelines
Central Co-operative College, Phaunggyi Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives	Higher Education - Section 2
D	Assessment Guidelines
Dagon University Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 1993. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Dawai Education College Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Dawei University Also known as: University of Dawei Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Defence Service Academy of Technology, Pyin Oo Lwin Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.	Higher Education - Section 2
Defence Service Academy, Pyin Oo Lwin Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.	Higher Education - Section 2
Defence Service Institute of Medicine Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 1992.	Higher Education - Section 2
G	Assessment Guidelines
Government Technical Institute, Insein Comments: Located in Yangon. Founded 1890.	Higher Education - Section 2
Government Technical Institute, Kalaw Comments: Located in Kalaw, Shan State. Founded 1968.	Higher Education - Section 2
Government Technical Institute, Mandalay Comments: Located in Mandalay. Founded 1955.	Higher Education - Section 2
H	Assessment Guidelines
Hinthada University Comments: Located in Ayeerwaddy Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Hlegu Education College Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Hpa-An Education College Comments: Located in Kayin State. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Hpa-An University Formerly known as: Hpa-An Degree College Comments: Located in Kayin State. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
I	Assessment Guidelines
Institute of Community Health Also known as: University of Community Health, Magway Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences. Located at the University of Medicine, Magway.	Higher Education - Section 2
Institute of Dental Medicine, Mandalay Also known as: University of Dental Medicine,	Higher Education - Section 1

Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Economics, Yangon Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Formerly known as: Institute of Economics, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Formerly part of the University of Rangoon. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Institute of Forestry Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Yezin, Pyinmana , Mandalay Division. Founded in 1923 as a teaching department of University of Rangoon. Acquired present status in 1992. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Forestry.

Institute of Para-Medical Sciences, Mandalay Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Para-Medical Sciences, Yangon Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: University of Medical Technology, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Para-Medical Sciences, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in General Hospital Compound, Rangoon in 1964. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Pharmacy, Mandalay Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

Institute of Pharmacy, Yangon Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

International Theravada Buddhist Missionary University Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in December 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Religious Affairs.

K

Assessment Guidelines

Kalay University Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Kalay Degree College

Comments: Located in Chin State. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Kyainge Tong University Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: Kyaington University, Kengtung University

Formerly known as: Kyainge Tong Degree College

Comments: Located in Shan State. Established in 2001. Acquired present title in 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Kyaukpyu Education College Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Kyaukpyn State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Rakhine State. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Kyaukse University Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

L	Assessment Guidelines
Lashio University Formerly known as: Lashio Degree College Comments: Located in Shan State. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present title in January 2007.	Higher Education - Section 2
Loikaw University Formerly known as: Loikaw College Comments: Located in Kayah State. Formerly a 2 year Arts and Science College under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Since upgraded to university status.	Higher Education - Section 2
M	Assessment Guidelines
Magway Education College Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Magwe University Also known as: Magway University Formerly known as: Magwe Degree College, Magwe College Comments: Located in Magway Division. Founded 1955. Acquired present title in 1996. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Mandalay Education College Formerly known as: Mandalay State Teachers' Training College Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded in 1952 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.	Higher Education - Section 2
Mandalay Regional Co-operative College Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives.	Higher Education - Section 2
Mandalay Technological University Also known as: MTU Formerly known as: Institute of Technology, Mandalay Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Acquired present status in 1993 and title in 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Mandalay University Formerly known as: Arts and Science University, Mandalay and Arts and Science University of Mandalay, University of Mandalay Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded 1958 as University of Mandalay. Formerly college of the University of Rangoon. Reorganised in 1964 and Faculties of Medicine and Agriculture detached as separate institutions.	Higher Education - Section 1
Mandalay University of Culture Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established in November 2001. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Culture.	Higher Education - Section 2
Mandalay University of Distance Education Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2

<p>Maubin University</p> <p>Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Mawlamyine Education College</p> <p>Formerly known as: Moulmein State Teachers' Training College</p> <p>Comments: Located in Mon State. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Mawlamyine University</p> <p>Also known as: Mawlamein University</p> <p>Formerly known as: Moulmein University, Moulmein College</p> <p>Comments: Located in Mon State. Founded in 1953 as a College. University title since 1986. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Meiktila Education College</p> <p>Formerly known as: Meiktila State Teachers' Training School</p> <p>Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Meiktila Institute of Economics</p> <p>Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Meiktila University</p> <p>Formerly known as: Meiktila Degree College</p> <p>Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Mhonyin Degree College</p> <p>Comments: Located in Kachin State. Opened February 2004. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Military Institute of Nursing and Paramedical Science</p> <p>Formerly known as: Defence Service Institute of Nursing</p> <p>Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 2000. Located in Yangon. Acquired present title in 2002. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defence.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Monywa Education College</p> <p>Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Monywa Institute of Economics</p> <p>Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Monywa University</p> <p>Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. First founded 1996; reorganised 1997. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Myanmar Aerospace Engineering University</p> <p>Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded February 2002. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Transport.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2
<p>Myanmar Maritime University</p> <p>Formerly known as: Institute of Marine Technology</p> <p>Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Acquired present title and status in August 2002. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Transport.</p>	Higher Education - Section 2

Myaungmya Education College Formerly known as: Myaungmya State Teachers' Training School Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Founded in 1953 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.	Higher Education - Section 2
Myeik University Formerly known as: Myeik Degree College Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Myingyan Degree College Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Myitkyina Education College Formerly known as: Myitkyina State Teachers' Training School Comments: Located in Kachin State. Established in 1962 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.	Higher Education - Section 2
Myitkyina University Formerly known as: Myitkyina Degree College, Myitkyina College Comments: Located in Myitkyina, Kachin State. Founded 1963 as a College. Acquired present title in 1997.	Higher Education - Section 2
N	Assessment Guidelines
National Management College Comments: Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Nationalities Youth Resource Development Degree College, Mandalay Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Progress of Border Areas and National Races and Development Affairs.	Higher Education - Section 2
Nationalities Youth Resource Development Degree College, Yangon Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Progress of Border Areas and National Races and Development Affairs.	Higher Education - Section 2
Nursing Institute Yangon Also known as: University of Nursing, Yangon Comments: Located in Yangon. Founded 1964. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.	Higher Education - Section 2
Nursing Institute, Mandalay Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.	Higher Education - Section 2
Nursing Institute, Yangon Also known as: Institute of Nursing, Yangon Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.	Higher Education - Section 2
P	Assessment Guidelines
Pakokku Education College Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Pakokku University	Higher Education - Section 2

Formerly known as: Pakokku Degree College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Formerly an Arts and Science (4 year) Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pathein Education College

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pathein University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Pathein College,
Bassein College

Comments: Located in Pathein (Bassein), Ayeyarwaddy Division. Founded in 1958 as a College. Acquired present title and status in 1996.

Pinlon University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: Pang Long University

Comments: Located in Shan State. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pyay Education College

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Pyay (Prome) State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Founded in 1968 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Pyay Technological University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: PTU

Formerly known as: Pyay Institute of Technology (PIT)

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Established in 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

S

Assessment Guidelines

Sagaing Education College

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Sagaing State Teachers' Training School

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Established in 1968 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.

Sagaing Institute of Education

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Sagaing Regional Co-operative College

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives.

Shwebo University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Shwebo Degree College

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Formerly and Arts and Science Degree College since upgraded to a university. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Sittwe University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: Sittway University

Formerly known as: Akyab College, Akyab,
Sittwe College

Comments: Located in Sittwe, Rakhine State. Founded as a College in 1973. Founded as a university 1996.

State Agricultural Institute

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Pyinmana (Mandalay Division) -
Founded 1954 and Thaton (Mon State) -Founded 1967.

T**Assessment Guidelines**

Taunggyi Education College Formerly known as: Taunggyi State Teachers' Training School Comments: Located in Shan State. Founded in 1964 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.	Higher Education - Section 2
Taunggyi University Formerly known as: Taunggyi College Comments: Located in Taunggyi, Shan State. Founded 1961. Acquired present title in 1992.	Higher Education - Section 2
Taungoo Education College Formerly known as: Taungoo State Teachers' Training School Comments: Located in Bago Division. Established in 1967 as a teacher training institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education. Acquired present status in 1998.	Higher Education - Section 2
Taungoo University Also known as: University of Taungoo Comments: Located in Bago Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Banmaw/Bhamo) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Banmaw/Bhamo Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Dawei) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Dawei Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Hinthada) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Hinthada Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Hmabi/Hmawby) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Hmabi/Hmawby Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Kalay) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Kalay Comments: Located in Chin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Kyaington/ Kengtung) Formerly known as: Government Technological	Higher Education - Section 2

College, Kyaington/ Kengtung

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Kyaukse) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Kyaukse

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Lashio) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Lashio

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Loikaw) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Loikaw

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Magwe/Magway) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Magwe/ Magway

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Mandalay) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Maubin) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Maubin

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine

Comments: Located in Mon State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Meiktila) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Meiktila

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of

Science and Technology.

Technological University (Monywa) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Monywa Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Myeik) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Myeik Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Myitkyina) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Myitkyina Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Pakokku) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Pakokku Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Patheingyi) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Patheingyi Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Pha-an/Hpa-an) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Pha-an/Hpa-an Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Pinlon/Panglong) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Pinlon/Panglong Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Sittoung/ Sittway) Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Sittoung/Sittway Comments: Located in Rakhine State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
Technological University (Taungtha/ Toungtha) Formerly known as: Government Technological	Higher Education - Section 2

College, Taunggu/ Toungoo

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Taunggyi) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Taunggyi

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Technological University (Thanhlyin/Thanlyin) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Technological College, Thanhlyin/Thanlyin

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education, Ministry of Science and Technology.

Thinganggyun Education College Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Thwar Bet Saingya Sei Thekatho Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Institute of Dental Medicine, Yangon

Also known as: University of Dental Medicine, Yangon

Formerly known as: Institute of Dental Medicine, Rangoon,

College of Dental Medicine, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Formerly part of the University of Rangoon. Acquired present status 1974. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

U

Assessment Guidelines

University for the Development of National Races Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Academy for Development of National Groups,

Institute for Development of National Races

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Under the administration of the Public Service Selection and Training Board. As an Academy it trained assistant teachers at primary level. Since being upgraded to a university in 1991 it has offered B.Ed programs.

University of Computer Studies (Banmaw/Bhamo) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Banmaw/Bhamo)

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Dawei) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Dawei)

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Hinthada) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College

(Hinthada)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Kalay) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Kalay)

Comments: Located in Chin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Kyaington/Kengtung) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Kyaington/Kengtung)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Lashio) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Lashio)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Loikaw) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Loikaw)

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Magwe/Magway) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Magwe/Magway)

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Mandalay) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Mandalay)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Maubin) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Maubin)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

(Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Mawlamyaing/Mawlamyine)

Comments: Located in Mon State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the

Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Meikhtila/Meiktila) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Meikhtila/Meiktila)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Monywa) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Monywa)

Comments: Located in Sagaing Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Myeik) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Myeik)

Comments: Located in Tanintharyi Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Myitkyina) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Myitkyina)

Comments: Located in Kachin State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pakokku) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pakokku)

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Patheingyi) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Patheingyi)

Comments: Located in Ayeyarwaddy Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pha-an/Hpa-an) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pha-an/Hpa-an)

Comments: Located in Kayah State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pinlon/Panglong) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pinlon/Panglong)

Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

University of Computer Studies (Pyaw) Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Pyay) Comments: Located in Bago Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	
University of Computer Studies (Sittwe/ Sittway) Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Sittwe/ Sittway) Comments: Located in Rakhine State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Computer Studies (Taunggu/Toungoo) Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Taunggu/Toungoo) Comments: Located in Bago Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Computer Studies (Taunggyi) Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Taunggyi) Comments: Located in Shan State. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Computer Studies (Yangon) Formerly known as: Government Computer College (Yangon) Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Upgraded to university status in January 2007. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Computer Studies, Mandalay Also known as: UCSM Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded 1997. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Computer Studies, Yangon Also known as: UCSY Formerly known as: Institute of Computer Science and Technology, Institute of Computer Science Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1988. Acquired present status 1998. Formerly the computer centre of the University of Rangoon. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.	Higher Education - Section 1
University of East Yangon Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Foreign Languages, Mandalay Also known as: UFLM Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.	Higher Education - Section 2
University of Medicine 1, Yangon Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine I, Yangon,	Higher Education - Section 1

Institute of Medicine I, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964 as a separate institution. Formerly the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Rangoon. Acquired present title from 2005. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Medicine 2, Yangon Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine II, Yangon, Institute of Medicine II, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964 as a separate institution. Formerly the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Rangoon. Acquired present title from 2005. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Medicine, Magway Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine, Magway

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Medicine, Mandalay Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Formerly known as: Institute of Medicine, Mandalay

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Founded 1964 as a separate institution. Formerly the Faculty of Medicine at the University of Mandalay. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, Department of Medical Sciences.

University of Pyay Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: Pyay University

Comments: Located in Bago Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

University of Traditional Medicine, Mandalay Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established in December 2001. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health.

University of Veterinary Science, Yezin Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Also known as: UVS

Formerly known as: Institute of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Science, Rangoon., Institute of Veterinary Science, Insein

Comments: Located in Pyinmana Township, Mandalay. Founded in 1964 as a university level institute. Formerly a college of the University of Rangoon. Acquired present title in 1999.

University of Yangon Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Formerly known as: Arts and Science University 1964-1990 and Arts and Science University of Yangon 1991-1995, University of Rangoon 1946-1964

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1920. Reorganised in 1964 and Faculties of Social Science, Agriculture, Medicine, Forestry, Engineering, Education and College of Veterinary Science detached as separate institutions.

W **Assessment Guidelines**

West Yangon Technological University Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: WYTU

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. The Hlaingtharyar campus of YTU was opened in 1999-2000 academic year. The new campus was around 10km west of the main YTU campus at Gyogon. Since established as a separate university under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology.

West Yangon University Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: University of West Yangon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Established in 2002-03. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Workers College, Yangon

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Workers College, Rangoon, University for Adult Education est. 1947

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. The University for Adult Education offered courses leading to exams and degrees from the University of Rangoon. Founded 1964 under its present name as a university level institution. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Y

Assessment Guidelines

Yadanabon University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon Co-operative Degree College, Thanylin

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Co-operatives.

Yangon Institute of Education

Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Also known as: YIOE

Formerly known as: Institute of Education, Yangon, Institute of Education, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1964. Previously the Faculty of Education of former University of Rangoon. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon Technological University

Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Also known as: YTU

Formerly known as: Yangon Institute of Technology (YIT) 1989 -July 1998,

Rangoon Institute of Technology, Gyogon, Insein. Institute of Technology, Rangoon,

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Former Faculty of Engineering of the University of Rangoon. Detached as a separate university level institution in 1964. Acquired present title in July 1998. Under the jurisdiction of the Department of Advanced Science and Technology, Ministry of Science and Technology since 1997

Yangon University

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Campuses at Botahtaung, Hlaing, and Kyminyindine. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon University of Culture

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Also known as: YUC

Formerly known as: University of Culture (UC)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded September 1993. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Culture.

Yangon University of Distance Education

Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Also known as: YUDE

Formerly known as: University of Distance Education, University of Rangoon, Distance Education Section

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded in 1975. Acquired status in 1993. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yangon University of Foreign Languages

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Institute for Foreign Languages, Yangon,

Institute for Foreign Languages, Rangoon

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Founded 1963 as a university level institution. Acquired present title in 1996. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yankin Education College

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Comments: Located in Yangon Division. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yenangyaung Degree College

Higher Education - [Section 2](#)

Formerly known as: Yenangyaung College

Comments: Located in Magway Division. Formerly and Arts and Science (2 year) College since upgraded to 4 year Degree College. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Education.

Yezin University of Agriculture, Pyinmana

Higher Education - [Section 1](#)

Formerly known as: Institute of Agriculture Yezin, Pyinmana 1975 -96.,

Institute of Agriculture, Mandalay 1964-1975

Comments: Located in Mandalay Division. Established 1924 as the Agricultural College and Research Institute of Mandalay. Former Faculty of Agriculture of University of Rangoon 1947-1958 and University of Mandalay 1958-64. Detached as an independent institute in 1964. Present status as a university level institution since 1964. Relocated from Mandalay to Yezin in 1973. Acquired present title in 1997. Under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation.

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