### **Interview Questions**

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### **Building Materials and Construction Multiple Choice Questions:**

- 1. Gypsum is a
- a) mechanically formed sedimentary rock
- b) igneous rock
- c) chemically precipitated sedimentary rock
- d) metamorphic rock

Ans: c

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2/2020	300+ TOP Building Materials & Construction MCQs Pdf
2. Which of the following	g sedimentary rocks changes into
quartzite by metamorphi	ic action ?
a) sand stone	
b) lime stone	
c) shale	
d) gypsum	
Ans: a	

### 3. Which of the following represents a metamorphic rock?

- i) slate
- ii) shale
- iii) quartzite

The correct answer is

- a) only (iii)
- b) both (i) and (iii)
- c) both (ii) and (iii)
- d) all (i), (ii) and (iii)

Ans: b

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### 4. Quartitze is a

- a) silicious rock
- b) argillaceous rock
- c) calcareous rock
- d) aqueous rock

Ans: a

### 5. Which of the following is a mineral?

- a) basalt
- b) granite

- c) quartz
- d) syenite

Ans: c

### 6. Slate is formed by metamorphic action on

- a) shale
- b) lime stone
- c) sand stone
- d) granite

Ans: a

### 7. Sandstone is a

- i) sedimentary rock
- ii) aqueous rock
- iii) silicious rock

The correct answer is

- a) only (i)
- b) both (i) and (ii)
- c) both (i) and (iii)
- d) all (i), (ii) and (iii)

Ans: d

### 8. Which of the following is a rock?

- a) quartz
- b) mica
- c) gypsum
- d) none of the above

Ans: c

# 9. Based on the following rocks and minerals, select the correct statement, quartz, shale, basalt, granite, marble, gypsum, mica

- a) basalt and marble are the only metamorphic rocks
- b) there is no sedimentary rock
- c) granite is the only igneous rock
- d) quartz and mica are minerals

Ans: d

### 10. A heavy stone is suitable for

- a) arches
- b) rubble masonry
- c) roads
- d) retaining walls

Ans: d

### 11. The stone suitable for rubble masonry should be.

- a) hard
- b) tough
- c) heavy
- d) light

Ans: a

# 12. Which of the following metamorphic rocks has the most weather resisting characteristics?

- a) marble
- b) quartzite
- c) slate
- d) lime stone

Ans: b

# 13. A good building stone should not absorb water more than

- a) 5%
- b) 10%
- c) 15%
- d) 20%

Ans: a

# 14. Which of the following has more fire resisting characteristics?

- a) marble
- b) lime stone
- c) compact sand stone
- d) granite

Ans: c

### 15. Jumper is a tool used for

- a) testing of stones
- b) quarrying of stones
- c) dressing of stones
- d) none of the above

Ans: b

# 16. The important test to be conducted on a stone used in docks and harbors is-

- a) hardness test
- b) work ability test
- c) weight test
- d) toughness test

Ans: c

# 17. The predominant constituent which is responsible for strength in granite is

- a) quartz
- b) feldspar
- c) mica
- d) none of the above

Ans: a

## 18. Granite is not suitable for ordinary building purpose because

- a) it can not be polished
- b) it is not a fire proof material
- c) it is costly
- d) it has less crushing strength

Ans: c

# 19. Which of the following stone is best suited for construction of piers and abutments of a railway bridge?

- a) granite
- b) sand stone
- c) lime stone
- d) quartzite

Ans: a

# 20. The preparation of surface of stone to obtain plain edges or to obtain stones of required size and shape is known as

- a) quarrying of stones
- b) blasting of stones
- c) seasoning of stones
- d) dressing of stones

Ans: d

## 21. Crushing strength of a good building stone should be more than

- a) 50 MPa
- b) 100 MPa
- c) 150 MPa
- d) 200 MPa

Ans: b

### 22. Specific gravity for most of the building stones lies between

- a) 1.5 to 2.0
- b) 2.0 to 2.5
- c) 2.5 to 3.0
- d) 3.0 to 3.5

Ans: c

#### 23. Spalling hammer is used for

- a) driving wooden headed chisels
- b) rough dressing of stones
- c) carving of stones
- d) breaking small projection of stones

Ans: b

#### 24. Cross cut saw is used for

- a) cutting soft stones
- b) cutting hard stones
- c) cutting large blocks of stones
- d) dressing stones

Ans: b

#### 25. Sapwood consists of

- a) innermost annular rings around the pith
- b) portion of timber between heartwood and cambium layer
- c) thin layers below the bark
- d) thin fibre which extends from the pith outwards and holds the annular rings together

Ans: b

### 26. Which of the following trees yields hard wood?

- a) deodar
- b) chir
- c) shishum
- d) pine

Ans: c

# 27. The radial splits which are wider on the outside of the log and narrower towards the pith are known as

- a) heart shakes
- b) cupshakes
- c) starshakes
- d) rindgalls

Ans: c

### 28. In which of the following pairs both trees yield soft wood?

- a) deodar and shishum
- b) chir and sal

- c) sal and teak
- d) chir and deodar

Ans: d

# 29. Which of the following timbers is suitable for making sports goods?

- a) mulberry
- b) mahogany
- c) sal
- d) deodar

Ans: a

### **30.** Assertion A : Shishum is used for decorative woodwork.

Reason R: Shishum can be polished to an excellent finish.

Select your answer according to the coding system given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- d) A is false but R is true

Ans: a

### 31. The disease of dry rot in timber is caused by

- a) lack of ventilation
- b) alternate wet and dry conditions
- c) complete submergence in water
- d) none of the above

Ans: a

### 32. Plywood has the advantage of

- a) greater tensile strength in longer direction
- b) greater tensile strength in shorter direction
- c) same tensile strength in all directions
- d) none of the above

Ans: c

### 33. In which of the following directions, the strength of timber is maximum?

- a) parallel to grains
- b) 45° to grains
- c) perpendicular to grains

d) same in all directions

Ans: a

#### 34. The moisture content in a well seasoned timber is

- a) 4% to 6%
- b) 10% to 12%
- c) 15% to 20%
- d) 100%

Ans: b

### 35. The trunk of tree left after cutting all the branches is known as

- a) log
- b) batten
- c) plank
- d) baulk

Ans: a

#### 36. The age of a tree can be known by examining

- a) cambium layer
- b) annular rings
- c) medullary rays
- d) heart wood

Ans: b

# 37. Plywood is made by bonding together thin layers of wood in such a way that the angle between grains of any layer to grains of adjacent layers is

- a) o°
- b) 30°
- c) 45°
- d) 90°

Ans: d

### 38. The plywood

- a) has good strength along the panel only
- b) can be spilt in the plane of the panel
- c) has greater impact resistance to blows than ordinary wood
- d) cannot be bent more easily than ordinary wood of same thickness Ans: c

# 39. The practical limit of moisture content achieved in air drying of timber is

- a) 5%
- b) 15%
- c) 25%
- d) 35%

Ans: b

#### 40. First class timber has an average life of

- a) less than one year
- b) 1 to 5 years
- c) 5 to 10 years
- d) more than 10 years

Ans: d

# 41. A first class brick when immersed in cold water for 24 hours should not absorb water more than

- a) 15%
- b) 20%
- c) 22%
- d) 25%

Ans: b

## 42. Crushing strength of a first class brick should not be less than

- a) 3.5 N/mm2
- b) 7.0 N/mm2
- c) 10.5 N/mm2
- d) 14.0 N/mm2

Ans: c

### 43. The main function of alumina in brick earth is

- a) to impart plasticity
- b) to make the brick durable
- c) to prevent shrinkage
- d) to make the brick impermeable

Ans: a

## 44. The percentage of alumina in a good brick earth lies between

a) 5 to 10%

- b) 20 to 30%
- c) 50 to 60%
- d) 70 to 80%

Ans: b

#### 45. Excess of alumina in brick earth makes the brick

- a) impermeable
- b) brittle and weak
- c) to lose cohesion
- d) to crack and warp on drying

Ans: d

#### 46. The nominal size of the modular brick is

- a) 190 mm x 90mmx 80 mm
- b) 190 mm x 190 mm x 90 mm
- c) 200 mm x 100 mm x 100 mm
- d) 200 mm x 200 mm x 100 mm

Ans: c

### 47. Percentage of silica in a good brick earth lies between

- a) 5 to 10%
- b) 20 to 30%
- c) 50 to 60%
- d) 70 to 80%

Ans: c

### 48. Excess of silica in brick earth results in

- a) cracking and warping of bricks
- b) loss of cohesion
- c) enhancing the impermeability of bricks
- d) none of the above

Ans: b

# 49. Which of the following ingredients of the brick earth enables the brick to retain its shape?

- a) alumina
- b) silica
- c) iron
- d) magnesia

Ans: b

# 50. Which of the following pairs gives a correct combination of the useful and harmful constituents respectively of a good brick earth?

- a) lime stone and alumina
- b) silica and alkalies
- c) alumina and iron
- d) alkalies and magnesium

Ans: b

# 51. The process of mixing clay, water and other ingredients to make brick is known as

- a) kneading
- b) moulding
- c) pugging
- d) drying

Ans: a

### **52.** Advantage of a clamp compared to a kiln for burning bricks is that

- a) it takes less time for burning
- b) it gives more output of first class bricks
- c) it has less initial cost
- d) it is suitable when bricks are required in large numbers

Ans: c

### 53. The internal size of mould used in brick preparation is

- a) equal to the size of a fully burnt brick
- b) smaller than the size of a fully burnt brick
- c) greater than the size of a fully burnt brick
- d) none of the above

Ans: c

### 54. Pug mill is used for

- a) preparation of clay
- b) moulding of clay
- c) drying of bricks
- d) burning of bricks

Ans: a

### 55. Which of the following bricks are used for lining of furnaces?

- a) overburnt bricks
- b) underburnt bricks
- c) refractory bricks
- d) first class bricks

Ans: c

# **56.** The frog of the brick in a brick masonry is generally kept on

- a) bottom face
- b) top face
- c) shorter side
- d) longer side

Ans: b

# 57. Number of bricks required for one cubic metre of brick masonry is

- a) 400
- b) 450
- c) 500
- d) 550

Ans: c

### 58. Glazing is used to make earthenware

- a) hard
- b) soft
- c) porous
- d) impervious

Ans: d

### 59. Quick lime is

- a) calcium carbonate
- b) calcium oxide
- c) calcium hydroxide
- d) none of the above

Ans: b

#### 60. Quick lime is

- i) slow in setting
- ii) rapid in slacking
- iii) good in strength The correct answer is
- a) only (i)

- b) only (ii)
- c) both (i) and (ii)
- d) both (ii) and (iii)

Ans: c

# 61. Assertion A : Pure lime takes a long time to develop adequate strength.

Reason R: Pure lime has slow hardening characteristics. Select your answer according to the coding system given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

Ans: a

### 62. Hydraulic lime is obtained by

- a) burning of lime stone
- b) burning of kankar
- c) adding water to quick lime
- d) calcination of pure clay

Ans: b

# 63. The main constituent which imparts hydraulicity to hydraulic lime is

- a) calcium oxide
- b) silica
- c) clay
- d) water

Ans: c

### 64. Study the following statements.

- i) Hydraulic lime is suitable for white washing,
- ii) Fat lime is suitable for whitewashing,
- iii) Hydraulic lime is suitable for making mortar,
- iv) Fat lime is suitable for making mortar.

The correct answer is

- a) (i) and (iv)
- b) (ii) and (iii)
- c) (i) and (ii)

d) (iii) and (iv)

Ans: b

#### 65. The main ingredients of Portland cement are

- a) lime and silica
- b) lime and alumina
- c) silica and alumina
- d) lime and iron

Ans: a

### 66. The constituent of cement which is responsible for all the undesirable properties of cement is

- a) dicalcium silicate
- b) tricalcium silicate
- c) tricalcium aluminate
- d) tetra calcium alumino ferrite

Ans: c

### 67. Le Chatelier's device is used for determining the

- a) setting time of cement
- b) soundness of cement
- c) tensile strength of cement
- d) compressive strength of cement

Ans: b

# 68. The main constituent of cement which is responsible for initial setting of cement is

- a) dicalcium silicate
- b) tricalcium silicate
- c) tricalcium aluminate
- d) all of the above

Ans: c

# 69. The initial setting time for ordinary Portland cement as per IS specifications should not be less than

- a) 10 minutes
- b) 30 minutes
- c) 60 minutes
- d) 600 minutes

Ans: b

# 70. As per IS specifications, the maximum final setting time for ordinary Portland cement should be

- a) 30 minutes
- b) 1 hour
- c) 6 hours
- d) 10 hours

Ans: d

### 71. For testing compressive strength of cement, the size of cube used is

- a) 50 mm
- b) 70.6 mm
- c) 100 mm
- d) 150 mm

Ans: a

## 72. The normal consistency of ordinary Portland cement is about

- a) 10%
- b) 20%
- c) 30%
- d) 40%

Ans: c

# 73. Early attainment of strength in rapid hardening cement is mainly due to

- a) gypsum
- b) finer grinding
- c) tricalcium silicate
- d) tricalcium aluminate

Ans: b

### 74. After storage, the strength of cement

- a) decreases
- b) increases
- c) remains same
- d) may increase or decrease

Ans: a

# 75. According to IS specifications, the compressive strength of ordinary portland cement after three days

#### should not be less than

- a) 7 MPa
- b) 11.5 MPa
- c) 16 MPa
- d) 21 MPa

Ans: c

# Building Materials and Construction Objective Type Questions ::

- 76. Addition of pozzolana to ordinary Portland cement increases
- a) bleeding
- b) shrinkage
- c) permeability
- d) heat of hydration

Ans: b

- 77. Gypsum consists of
- a) H2S and Co2
- b) CaSo4 and H2o
- c) Lime and H20
- d) Co2 and calcium

Ans: b

- 78. For testing compressive and tensile strength of cement, the cement mortar is made by mixing cement and standard sand in the proportions of
- a) 1:2
- b) 1:3
- c) 1:4
- d) 1:6

Ans: b

- 79. The slump recommended for mass concrete is about
- a) 25 mm to 50 mm
- b) 50 mm to 100 mm
- c) 100 mm to 125 mm
- d) 125 mm to 150 mm

Ans: a

- 80. With increase in moisture content, the bulking of sand
- a) increases

- b) decreases
- c) first increases to a certain maximum value and then decreases
- d) first decreases to a certain minimum value and then increases Ans: c
- 81. Which of the following cements is suitable for use in massive concrete structures such as large dams?
- a) ordinary Portland cement
- b) low heat cement
- c) rapid hardening cement
- d) sulphate resisting cement

Ans: b

- 82. Proper amount of entrained air in concrete results in
- i) better workability
- ii) better resistance to freezing and thawing
- iii) lesser workability
- iv) less resistance to freezing and thawing The correct answer is
- a) (i) and (ii)
- b) (i)and(iv)
- c) (ii) and (iii)
- d) (iii) and (iv)

Ans: a

- 83. The most common admixture which is used to accelerate the initial set of concrete is
- a) gypsum
- b) calcium chloride
- c) calcium carbonate
- d) none of the above

Ans: b

- 84. The maximum quantity of calcium chloride used as an accelerator in cement in percentage by weight of cement is
- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

Ans: b

- 85. The basic purpose of a retarder in concrete is
- a) to increase the initial setting time of cement paste in concrete
- b) to decrease the initial setting time of cement paste in concrete
- c) to render the concrete more water tight
- d) to improve the workability of concrete mix

Ans: a

- 86. Which of the following cements contains maximum percentage of dicalcium silicate?
- a) ordinary Portland cement
- b) low heat cement
- c) rapid hardening cement
- d) sulphate resisting cement

Ans: b

- 87. The most commonly used retarder in cement is
- a) gypsum
- b) calcium chloride
- c) calcium carbonate
- d) none of the above

Ans: a

- 88. Three basic raw materials which are needed in large quantities for production of steel are
- a) iron ore, coal and sulphur
- b) iron ore, carbon and sulphur
- c) iron ore, coal and lime stone
- d) iron ore, carbon and lime stone

Ans: c

- 89. Compared to mild steel, cast iron has
- i) high compressive strength
- ii) high tensile strength
- iii) low compressive strength
- iv) low tensile strength

The correct answer is

- a) (i) and (ii)
- b) (ii) and (iii)
- c) (iii) and (iv)
- d) (i)and(iv)

Ans: d

- 90. Which of the following gradients exerts maximum influence on properties of steel?
- a) iron
- b) carbon
- c) manganese
- d) sulphur

Ans: b

- 91. Which of the following is the purest form of iron?
- a) cast iron
- b) wrought iron
- c) mild steel
- d) high carbon steel

Ans: b

- 92. The ultimate tensile strength of structural mild steel is about
- a) 160N/mm2
- b) 260N/mm2
- c) 420 N/mm2
- d) 520 N/mm2

Ans: c

- 93. Percentage of carbon content in mild steel is
- a) less than 0.25
- b) between 0.25 and 0.7
- c) between 0.7 and 1.5
- d) greater than 1.5

Ans: a

- 94. Which of the following stresses is used for identifying the quality of structural steel?
- a) ultimate stress
- b) yield stress
- c) proof stress
- d) none of the above

Ans: b

- 95. The ratio of the thickness of web to that of flange of steel rolled structural beams and channels is
- a) less than 1
- b) equal to 1

- c) greater than 1
- d) less than 1 in beams but greater than 1 in channels

Ans: a

- 96. Paints with white lead base are suitable for painting of
- a) wood work
- b) iron work
- c) both wood work and iron work
- d) none of the above

Ans: a

97. Assertion A: Paints with white lead base are not recommended for painting of iron works.

Reason R: Paints with white lead base do not check rusting of iron. Select your answer according to the coding system given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and, R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- d) A is false but R is true

Ans: a

- 98. The amount of water used for one kg of distemper is
- a) 0.2 liter
- b) 0.4 liter
- c) o.6 liter
- d) o.8 liter

Ans: c

- 99. The vehicle used in case of enamel paints is usually
- a) linseed oil
- b) water
- c) varnish
- d) none of the above

Ans: c

100. Assertion A: Normally turpentine oil is recommended as thinner for indoor painting.

Reason R: Turpentine oil is costlier than other thinners.

Select your answer according to the coding system given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

Ans: b

101. In brick masonry the bond produced by laying alternate headers and stretchers in each course is known as

- a) English bond
- b) double flemish bond
- c) zigzag bond
- d) single flemish bond

Ans: b

102. The stretcher bond in brick masonry can be used only when the thickness of wall is

- a) 90 mm
- b) 180 mm
- c) 190 mm
- d) 280 mm

Ans: a

- 103. The pressure acting on the stones in stone masonry construction should be
- a) along the direction of bedding planes
- b) at 45° to the direction of bedding planes
- c) at  $60^{\circ}$  to the direction of bedding planes
- d) perpendicular to the direction of bedding planes

Ans: d

104. Which of the following should be used for hearting of thicker walls?

- a) headers
- b) stretchers
- c) brick bats
- d) queen closer

Ans: a

105. A queen closer is a

- a) brick laid with its length parallel to the face or direction of wall
- b) brick laid with its breadth parallel to the face or direction of wall
- c) brick having the same length and depth as the other bricks but half the breadth

- d) brick with half the width at one end and full width at the other Ans: c
- 106. Minimum thickness of wall where single flemish bond can be used is
- a) half brick thick
- b) one brick thick
- c) one and a half bricks thick
- d) two bricks thick

Ans: c

- 107. The most important tool in brick laying for lifting and spreading mortar and for forming joints is
- a) trowel
- b) square
- c) bolster
- d) scutch

Ans: a

- 108. Expansion Joints in masonry walls are provided in wall lengths usater than
- a) 10 m
- b) 20 m
- c) 30 m
- d) 40 m

Ans: d

- 109. The type of bond provided in brick masonry for carrying heavy loads is
- a) single flemish bond
- b) double flemish bond
- c) English bond
- d) zigzag bond

Ans: c

- 110. A mortar joint in masonry which is normal to the face of wall is known as
- a) bed joint
- b) wall joint
- c) cross joint

d) bonded joint
Ans: c
111. The slenderness ratio for masonry walls should not be more
than
a) 10
by 20
c) 30
d) 40
Ans: b
1415. D
112. The proportions of lime and sand in the mortar normally used
in brick construction are
a) 1:2
b) 1:4
c) 1:6
d) 1:8
Ans: a
113. Number of vertical joints in a stretcher course is x times the
number of joints in the header course, where x is equal to
a) 1/2
b) 1
c) 2
d) 1/4
Ans: a
114. As compared to stretcher course, the thickness of joints in
header course should be
a) less
b) more
c) equal
d) equal or more
Ans: a
115. As compared to English bond, double flemish bond is
a) stronger
b) more compact
c) costly
d) none of the above
Ans: b

- 116. Single flemish bond consists of
- a) double flemish bond facing and Eng-lish bond backing in each course
- b) English bond facing and double flemish bond backing in each course
- c) stretcher bond facing and double flemish bond backing in each course
- d) double flemish bond facing and header bond backing in each course

Ans: a

- 117. The differential settlement in case of foundations on sandy soils should not exceed
- a) 25 mm
- b) 40 mm
- c) 65 mm
- d) 100 mm

Ans: a

- 118. In case of foundations on black cotton soils, the most suitable method to increase the bearing capacity of soils is to
- a) increase the depth of foundation
- b) drain the soil
- c) compact the soil
- d) replace the poor soil

Ans: d

- 119. The type of footing which is used to transmit heavy loads through steel columns is
- a) raft foundation
- b) grillage foundation
- c) well foundation
- d) isolated footing

Ans: b

- 120. The maximum total settlement for isolated foundations on clayey soils should be limited to
- a) 25 mm
- b) 40 mm
- c) 65 mm

d) 100 mm

Ans: c

- 121. The type of pile which is driven at an inclination to resist inclined forces is known as
- a) friction pile
- b) sheet pile
- c) batter pile
- d) anchor pile

Ans: c

- 122. The minimum depth of foundation in clayey soils is
- a) 0.5 m
- b) 0.7 m
- c) 0.9 m
- d) 1.2 m

Ans: c

- 123. The maximum total settlement for raft foundation on clayey soils should be limited to
- a) 25 mm
- b) 25 to 40 mm
- c) 40 to 65 mm
- d) 65 to 100 mm

Ans: d

- 124. The bearing capacity of a water logged soil can be improved by
- a) compacting the soil
- b) draining the soil
- c) increasing the depth of foundation
- d) grouting

Ans: b

- 125. The type of flooring suitable for use in churches, theatres, public libraries and other places where noiseless floor covering is desired is
- a) cork flooring
- b) glass flooring
- c) wooden flooring
- d) linoleum flooring

Ans: a

- 126. The vertical distance between the springing line and highest point of the innercurve of an arch is known as
- a) intrados
- b) rise
- c) spandril
- d) extrados

Ans: b

- 127. Depth or height of the arch is the
- a) perpendicular distance between intra-dos and extrados
- b) vertical distance between springing line and intrados
- c) perpendicular distance between springing line and extrados
- d) none of the above

Ans: a

- 128. The triangular space formed between the extrados and the horizontal line drawn through the crown of an arch is known as
- a) haunch
- b) spandril
- c) voussoirs
- d) skewbacks

Ans: b

- 129. The lintels are preferred to arches because
- a) arches require more headroom to span the openings like doors, windows etc.
- b) arches require strong abutments to withstand arch thrust
- c) arches are difficult in construction
- d) all of the above

Ans: d

- 130. In the construction of arches, sand box method is used for
- a) centring
- b) actual laying of arch work
- c) striking of centring
- d) none of the above

Ans: c

131. The type of arch generally constructed over a wooden lintel or over a flat arch for the purpose of carrying the load of the wall above is

- a) segmental arch
- b) pointed arch
- c) relieving arch
- d) flat arch

Ans: c

- 132. The type of joint commonly used at the junction of a principal rafter and tie beam in timber trussess is
- a) mortise and tennon joint
- b) oblique mortise and tennon joint
- c) butt joint
- d) mitred joint

Ans: b

- 133. The type of roof suitable in plains where rainfall is meagre and temperature is high is
- a) pitched and sloping roof
- b) flat roof
- c) shell roof
- d) none of the above

Ans: b

- 134. Pitched and sloping roofs are suitable for
- a) coastal regions
- b) plain regions
- c) covering large areas
- d) all of the above

Ans: a

- 135. The type of roof which slopes in two directions with a break in the slope on each side is known as
- a) gable roof
- b) hip roof
- c) gambrel roof
- d) mansard roof

Ans: c

- 136. Mansard roof is a roof which slopes in
- a) two directions without break in the slope on each side
- b) two directions with break in the slope on each side
- c) four directions without break in the slope on each side

d) four directions with break in the slope on each side Ans: d

137. The horizontal timber piece provided at the apex of a roof truss which supports the common rafter is called

- a) ridge board
- b) hip rafter
- c) eaves board
- d) valley rafter

Ans: a

138. The lower edge of the pitched roof, from where the rain water of the roof surface drops down, is known as

- a) hip
- b) gable
- c) ridge
- d) eaves

Ans: d

139. Higher pitch of the roof

- i) results in stronger roof
- ii) results in weaker roof
- iii) requires more covering material
- iv) requires less covering material

The correct answer is

- a) (i) and (iii)
- b) (i) and (iv)
- c) (ii) and (iii)
- d) (ii) and (iv)

Ans: a

140. Couple close roof is suitable for maximum span of

- a) 2.5 m
- b) 3.5 m
- c) 4.5 m
- d) 5.5 m

Ans: c

- 141. In a colar beam roof
- a) there is no horizontal tie beam
- b) there is a horizontal tie at the feet of rafters only

- c) there is a horizontal tie at almost the middle of rafters only
- d) there are two horizontal ties, one at the feet and other at the middle of the rafters

Ans: c

- 142. The function of king post in a king post roof truss is
- a) to support the frame work of the roof
- b) to receive the ends of principal rafter
- c) to prevent the walls from spreading outward
- d) to prevent the tie beam from sagging at its centre Ans: d

143. The function of cleats in a roof truss is

- a) to support the common rafter
- b) to support purlins
- c) to prevent the purlins from tilting
- d) all of the above

Ans: c

- 144. The term string is used for
- a) the underside of a stair
- b) outer projecting edge of a tread
- c) a sloping member which supports the steps in a stair
- d) a vertical member between two treads

Ans: c

- 145. The vertical posts placed at the top and bottom ends of a flight supporting the hand rail are known as
- a) balusters
- b) newal posts
- c) balustrades
- d) railings

Ans: b

- 146. The maximum number of steps in a flight should generally be restricted to
- a) 10
- b) 12
- c) 15
- d) no limit

Ans: b

147. The number	of steps in a	a flight gene	rally should	not be less
than				

- a) 2
- b) 3
- c) 5
- d) no limit

Ans: b

- 148. Sum of tread and rise must lie between
- a) 300 to 350 mm
- b) 400 to 450 mm
- c) 500 to 550 mm
- d) 600 to 650 mm

Ans: b

- 149. Minimum width of landing should be
- a) equal to width of stairs
- b) half the width of stairs
- c) twice the width of stairs
- d) one fourth the width of stairs

Ans: a

- 150. In any good staircase, the maximum and minimum pitch respectively should be
- a) 90° and 0°
- b)  $75^{\circ}$  and  $30^{\circ}$
- c)  $60^{\circ}$  and  $10^{\circ}$
- d)  $40^{\circ}$  and  $25^{\circ}$

Ans: d

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